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## Safety data sheet

### **SECTION 1.** Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

## Product name

Perfect Line Economic VOC Activator

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

Hardener for UHS paint.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Full address District and Country	Perfect Line Postbus 90117 5000 LA TILBURG Netherlands
	T +31(0)85 744 11 18
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	Perfect Line info@perfectline.nl
Product distribution by:	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
For urgent inquiries refer to	UNITED KINGDOM - POISON INFORMATION CENTERS  • National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) - Tel: +44 844 8920111
	INTEC s r L - Technical Sunnort: Tel +39 0522 909727 (Monday - Frid

INTEC s.r.l. - Technical Support: Tel. +39 0522 909727 (Monday - Friday: 8.30-12.00 and 14.00-17.30)

#### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Respiratory sensitization, category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:





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SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Signal words:	Danger
Hazard statements:	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH204	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Precautionary statemen	ts:
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P264	Wash thoroughly your hands after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P284	[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE or a doctor if you feel unwell.
Contains:	POLY (HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE)
Contains.	N-BUTYL ACETATE
	XYLENE (REACTIVE MIXTURE OF ETHYLBENZENE, m-XYLENE AND p-XYLENE)
	Homopolymer of Isophorondiisocyanate
2.3. Other hazards	
On the basis of available	e data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.
SECTION 3 Comp	osition/information on ingredients
SECTION 5. COMp	osition/mormation on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

POLY (HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE)  $28182-81-2 \quad 40 \le x < 55$ CAS Acute Tox. 4 H332, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317 EC 500-060-2 INDEX Reg. no. 01-2119485796-17-xxxx XYLENE (REACTIVE MIXTURE OF ETHYLBENZENE, m-XYLENE AND p-XYLENE) Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, CAS  $25 \le x \le 30$ STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Note C EC 905-562-9 INDEX Reg. no. 01-2119555267-33 N-BUTYL ACETATE CAS 123-86-4  $17 \le x \le 20$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066 EC 204-658-1 INDEX 607-025-00-1 Reg. no. 01-2119485493-29-xxxx SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM 64742-95-6  $2,5 \le x < 3$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336, CAS Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, Note P EC 918-668-5 INDEX Reg. no. 01-2119455851-35



Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1B H317

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredient

Homopolymer of Isophorondiisocyanate

53880-05-0 2 ≤ x < 3 CAS EC 500-125-5 INDEX Reg. no. 01-2119980716-25 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE CAS 108-65-6 0 ≤ x < 1 FC 203-603-9

Flam. Liq. 3 H226

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

607-195-00-7 Reg. no. 01-2119475791-29

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EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown. For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Information not available

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eves and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of



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#### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures ..../

the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

### **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

DEU	Deutschland	MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773  texte n° 102
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
HUN	Magyarország	50/2011. (XII. 22.) NGM rendelet a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes guímicos no trabalho - Diaro da Republica I 26; 2012-02-06
EU	OEL EU	Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2016

#### XYLENE (REACTIVE MIXTURE OF ETHYLBENZENE, m-XYLENE AND p-XYLENE)

Threshold Lim	it Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100				
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
Predicted no-e	ffect concentra	ation - PNE	C						
Normal value	e in fresh water						0,25	mg/l	
Normal value in marine water							0,25	mg/l	
Normal value for marine water sediment							14,33	mg/kg	
Normal value	e for the terrestr	ial compartr	nent				2,41	mg/kg	



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ..../>

				N-BUTYI			
Threshold Limit	/alue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	nin		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
MAK	DEU	480	100	960	200		
VLA	ESP	724	150	965	200		
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200		
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200		
AK	HUN	950		950			
TLV-ACGIH			50		150		

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM							
Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
OEL	EU	100	20				

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Threshold Lin	nit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50		
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50		
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100		
AK	HUN	275		550			
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
VLE	PRT	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

ΕN



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## **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties

ColourcolourlessOdourcharacteristicOdour thresholdNot availablepHNot availableMelting point / freezing pointNot availableInitial boiling point124 °CBoiling rangeNot available	
Odour thresholdNot availablepHNot availableMelting point / freezing pointNot availableInitial boiling point124 °C	
pH     Not available       Melting point / freezing point     Not available       Initial boiling point     124 °C	
Melting point / freezing pointNot availableInitial boiling point124 °C	
Initial boiling point 124 °C	
Boiling range Not available	
Flash point $23 \le T \le 60$ °C	
Evaporation Rate Not available	
Flammability of solids and gases Not available	
Lower inflammability limit 1,1 % (V/V)	
Upper inflammability limit 7,5 % (V/V)	
Lower explosive limit Not available	
Upper explosive limit Not available	
Vapour pressure 10,7 mbar	
Vapour density Not available	
Relative density 1,00	
Solubility Not miscible or difficult to mix with wate	r.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature 370 °C	
Decomposition temperature Not available	
Viscosity >20,5 mm2/sec (40°C)	
Explosive properties Not available	
Oxidising properties Not available	
9.2. Other information	
Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 2,47 %	
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) : 26,66 % - 266,59 g/litre	
VOC (volatile carbon) : 16,83 % - 168,33 g/litre	

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents.May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

### N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.



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## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>:

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

N-BUTYL ACETATE Incompatible with: water,nitrates,strong oxidants,acids,alkalis,zinc.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans the substance's vapours cause irritation to the eues and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, there is skin irritation, dermatosis (with driness and flaking of the skin) and keratitis.

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:	12,50 mg/l Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component) >2000 mg/kg
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal)	8530 mg/kg Rat > 5000 mg/kg Rat
N-BUTYL ACETATE LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation)	> 6400 mg/kg Rat > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation)	> 8 mg/kg ratto > 3160 mg/kg ratto > 6193 mg/l/4h ratto
XYLENE (REACTIVE MIXTURE OF ETHYLBENZENE, m-> LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation)	(YLENE AND p-XYLENE) 3523 mg/kg Rat 12126 mg/kg Rabbit 27,124 mg/l/4h Rat
Homopolymer of Isophorondiisocyanate LD50 (Oral) LC50 (Inhalation)	> 2000 mg/kg ratto 4,1 mg/l/4h ratto
SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION Causes skin irritation	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION Causes serious eye irritation	
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION Sensitising for the skin	
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	3
CARCINOGENICITY Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	5
<u>REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY</u> Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	5
STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE May cause respiratory irritation	



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## SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE May cause damage to organs

## ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

### 12.1. Toxicity

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROI LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	M 9,2 mg/l/96h oncorhynchus mykiss 3,2 mg/l/48h daphnia magna
Homopolymer of Isophorondiisocyanate LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 100 mg/l/96h Danio rerio > 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna > 100 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
POLY (HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE) Solubility in water Degradability: information not available	0,1 - 100 mg/l
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	> 10000 mg/l
N-BUTYL ACETATE Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROI Rapidly degradable	М
XYLENE (REACTIVE MIXTURE OF ETHYLBENZE Solubility in water	NE, m-XYLENE AND p-XYLENE) >100 mg/l
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
POLY (HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	5,54 367,7
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,2
N-BUTYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	2,3 15,3
XYLENE (REACTIVE MIXTURE OF ETHYLBENZE BCF	NE, m-XYLENE AND p-XYLENE) 25,9
12.4. Mobility in soil	
POLY (HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE) Partition coefficient: soil/water	7,3
N-BUTYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: soil/water	< 3
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROI Partition coefficient: soil/water	M 1,78
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.



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## SECTION 12. Ecological information ..../

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information**

## 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3

## 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

HIN - Kemler: 30	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
Special Provision: 640E		
EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
Special Instructions:	A3, A72, A192	
	Special Provision: 640E EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Cargo: Pass.:	Special Provision: 640EEMS: F-E, S-ELimited Quantities: 5 LCargo:Maximum quantity: 220 LPass.:Maximum quantity: 60 L

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

## **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture



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### SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC:

P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006
Product

Point

3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH) None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012: None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

<u>Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:</u> None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

## **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Asp. Tox. 1 STOT RE 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Resp. Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1B Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 H226 H312 H332 H304 H373 H319 H315 H335 H334 H317 H336 H411 H412 EUH066	Flammable liquid, category 3 Acute toxicity, category 4 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 Respiratory sensitization, category 1 Skin sensitization, category 1 Skin sensitization, category 1 Skin sensitization, category 1 Skin sensitization, category 18 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH204	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number

- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)

- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008

<sup>-</sup> CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)



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## SECTION 16. Other information ...

- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

## GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website

### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.